Monthly Cyber Briefing

November 6, 2025





Meeting Logistics





All attendees are on mute.



Questions



Resources

Type your questions Upcoming events, in the Q&A box. slides & resources linked.



Recording

Recording will be provided after event.



Survey

Survey will prompt at the end of webinar.



Healthcare's Monthly Cyber Briefing Agenda + Speakers:

- Cyber & Regulatory Update
- From Point-in-Time to Real-Time How Continuous Threat Exposure Management Strengthens Cyber Resilience
- Q+A

Dave Bailey, VP of Security Services, Clearwater

Jeremy Hughes, Manager, Security Engineering Services, Clearwater



Cyber & Regulatory Update

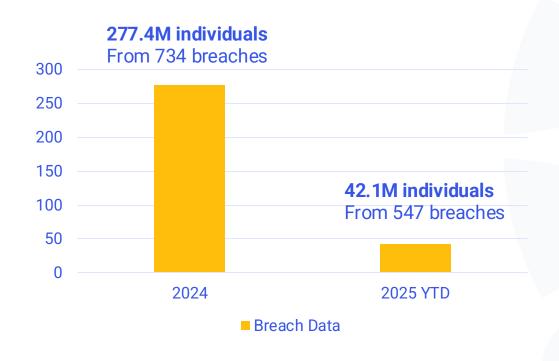
Dave Bailey, VP of Security Services, Clearwater





No Updates to Reported Breaches Since October 1st

Breach Data Dashboard



1 The <u>HHS Breach Portal</u> (2024 data through 12/31/24, pulled on 3/30/25; 2025 data through 10/31/25, pulled 11/2/25)



Notable Breaches:

10.5M+ patients impacted by Conduit Business Solutions data breach: 8th largest healthcare breach reported & claimed by SafePay ransomware gang in Oct 2024, stealing 8.5T of data

Class Action Impact

- CA-based network of affiliated physician practices to pay \$50M
- Integris Health to pay \$30M
- Yale New Haven Health to pay \$18M
- Court finalizes HCA data breach class action settlement

Industry Threat Brief Summary

Healthcare and Pharmaceuticals Industry Threat Reports Q3 2025







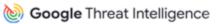
Industry Snapshot for Healthcare Provides an Overview of Relevant Threats Based on Google Threat Intelligence (GTI)

Industry Snapshot: Healthcare (Q3 2025)

A stark new reality for the healthcare sector emerged in October 2025, with a landmark report revealing that cyberattacks are now directly linked to adverse clinical outcomes, including a rise in mortality rates at 29% of affected organizations.

This <u>fourth annual study from Proofpoint and the Ponemon Institute</u> found that cyber incidents caused patient care disruptions at 72% of healthcare organizations, leading to increased medical procedure complications and longer patient stays.

While **cloud account compromises** were the most prevalent threat type, **supply chain attacks proved most likely to impact patient care**.



Industry Snapshot for Pharmaceuticals Provides an Overview of Relevant Threats Based on Google Threat Intelligence (GTI)

Industry Snapshot: Pharmaceuticals (Q3 2025)

The pharmaceutical sector is facing a severe and multifaceted threat landscape, underscored by the August 2025 ransomware attack on drug research firm Inotiv by Qilin. The incident, which Inotiv confirmed in an SEC filing, caused significant disruptions to business operations, encrypted internal systems, and resulted in the theft of approximately 176 GB of proprietary research data.

This attack exemplifies a **broader strategy** where threat actors **target critical "middle systems"** that bridge IT and operational technology, knowing that disrupting processes like drug development or product labeling is **more likely to compel a ransom payment**.

Compounding these extortion threats is the emergence of new malware such as ResolverRAT, a remote access trojan observed since early 2025 using localized phishing and in-memory execution to specifically compromise healthcare and pharmaceutical firms.



In October, CISA Published 30 Advisories Related to Vulnerabilities in Industrial Control Systems (ICS) and Medical Devices

Key Impacts:

- Critical Weaknesses Identified: Vulnerabilities such as out-ofbounds writes, missing authentication, and OS command injections were found across various vendor products. These weaknesses pose a direct threat to the security and reliable operation of affected medical devices.
- High Exploitation Potential: Multiple advisories received critical CVSSv3 scores. This indicates that the identified vulnerabilities have a severe potential for exploitation by malicious actors, which could lead to unauthorized access, data manipulation, denial of service, or even direct harm to patients through compromised device functionality.

Medical Device(s):

- NIHON KOHDEN: manufacturer of medical electronic equipment, including patient monitors, defibrillators, and neurology equipment.
- Siemens: produces a wide range of medical devices and solutions.
- Oxford Nanopore Technologies:
 Specializes in DNA/RNA sequencing technology, which is increasingly vital for medical diagnostics and research.
- Vertikal Systems: software and systems used in hospital environments, which often manage or integrate with medical devices.





Ransomware Update

Impacts from Ransomware in October







October Demonstrated a Multi-Actor Escalation of Ransomware with Sinoibi & Qilin Leading the Way

Most of these attacks were **publicly exposed via dark web leak sites**, continuing the trend of **double extortion** and **data exposure** seen throughout the year

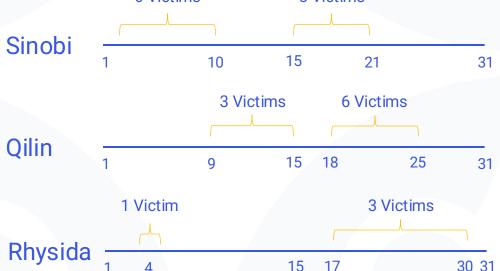
50

October marked a notable escalation (67% increase) in ransomware activity against the U.S. healthcare sector, with 50 confirmed incidents recorded across hospitals, medical practices, dental offices, and behavioral health facilities.

62%

Key ransomware operators—
Sinobi, Qilin, Rhysida, World
Leaks and DevMan 2.0—
accounted for over 62% of
total activity, underscoring
sustained, coordinated
targeting of healthcare
networks and patient
information systems.

Notable Oct Campaign Timelines 6 Victims 5 Victims







Ransomware Attacks Continue to Disrupt Operations, Delay Patient Care, and Expose Millions of Patient Records



Industry Focus:

- Shift in Targeting: Increase in attacks on mid-size organizations and other healthcare business
- Dominance in Data Exfiltration:
 Data theft is a critical component with many groups abandoning encryption
- Geographic Concentration: The U.S. remains the country with the highest number of ransomware attacks on healthcare orgs

A Fast Start to November:

- Nov. has already claimed (8) victims
 - (4) Qilin
 - (2) **Akira**
 - (1) Inc Ransomware
 - (1) MyData



Ransomware Targeting Patterns

Impacts from Ransomware in October







Shift Towards Mid-Sized and Specialty Care Providers

Threat actors have significantly shifted their focus towards U.S. mid-sized and specialty care providers over the past 90 days (from August 2025 thru October 2025), driven by financial motives and an increased exploitation of third-party vendors for broader access.

Observation

Ransomware groups—particularly **Qilin, Rhysida**, and **Sinobi** focused on mid-sized healthcare networks, specialty clinics, and outpatient practices rather than large national hospital chains.

Typical Victim Type

- Lack dedicated cybersecurity teams or managed detection response (MDR) support
- Depend heavily on unsegmented, legacy systems
- Have high patient data value relative to their ability to defend or negotiate effectively

Motive

Attackers can rapidly exfiltrate data and achieve faster ransom conversions (often within 3–5 days) without triggering major federal response coordination seen in large hospital breaches





High Concentration on Sensitive Health Data Repositories

The past 90 days have revealed a pronounced and sustained focus by threat actors on sensitive U.S. health data repositories, ranging from patient records and personally identifiable information (PII) to protected health information (PHI) and valuable research data. This concentration is a critical element of the broader shift in targeting within the healthcare sector.

Observation Typical Victim Type Motive

Actors such as **DevMan 2.0** and **Genesis** were observed targeting radiology, pathology, and laboratory groups — entities that handle:

Diagnostic imagery (MRI, CT, X-ray metadata).

Genomic or pathology results linked to identifiable health records

Shared data pipelines across multiple hospital partners

These targets yield large volumes of sensitive Protected Health Information (PHI) and research data, which can be repurposed for secondary extortion or sold on dark web forums (e.g., Genesis Market).

Breaches of these facilities amplify downstream exposure—data from one compromised lab may contain patients from dozens of unaffiliated hospitals.





Behavioral and Mental Health Facilities Under Increased Pressure

This type of information is extremely valuable to cybercriminals for various purposes, such as identity theft, extortion, and targeted social engineering. The value of this data aligns with the overall trend of data theft as a primary objective for many financially motivated groups.

Observation

York

October saw multiple claimed compromises of behavioral and mental health service providers, such as:

Spindletop Center Richmond Behavioral Health Authority Greater Mental Health of New

Typical Victim Type

These organizations store highsensitivity psychological and addiction treatment data, which carries extreme blackmail potential.

Threat actors appear to understand this **leverage** — extorting victims not only for decryption keys but also for non-disclosure of patient information to regulators or media.

Motive

Psychological data offers ransomware groups **dual monetization** — ransom recovery and dark market resale (for identity exploitation, social engineering, or stalking).





Dental, Optometry, and Small Clinical Targets as "Low-Hanging Fruit"

Threat actors' renewed focus on smaller, specialized healthcare providers highlights the value of patient data, reliance on third-party services, and potential to attack less mature cybersecurity programs.

Observation	Typical Victim Type	Motive
Groups like Sinobi and World Leaks heavily targeted dental and small specialty clinics	These facilities: Commonly outsource IT to small managed service providers. Operate with flat networks and minimal endpoint protection. Hold valuable financial and insurance data, despite limited cyber maturity.	These actors exploit insecure remote access portals (RDP/VPN) and third-party IT supply chains, then pivot laterally to extract billing and claims databases.





Highly Motivated and Active Threat Actors Targeting Healthcare

Qilin

- The Qilin ransomware group, active since at least August 2022, operates a ransomware-as-a-service (RaaS) model, employing double extortion tactics: The ransomware used is known as "Agenda"
- Recently enhanced its offerings to affiliates, introducing a "Call Lawyer" feature in early May 2025
- Introduced a distributed denial-of-service (DDoS) capability in April 2025. Other planned features include a DDoS panel, an email spamming tool, a call/SMS spamming tool/service, and the involvement of journalists.
- Initial access is typically gained through leaked credentials via a virtual private network (VPN), followed by the deployment of tools like Cobalt Strike and Mimikatz for persistence and further credential theft

Sinobi

- The malware family known as "INC" is also identified by the aliases "Sinobi" and "Lynx".
- INC is a Windows-based ransomware, developed in C, that encrypts files across local, removable, and network drives
- INC ransomware can empty the Recycle Bin, deleting volume shadow copies, terminating processes, modifying the Desktop background to display a ransom note, and printing the ransom note via connected printers.
- Sinobi Data Leak Site emerged in July 2025 and reported 45 victims in Q3 2025 targeting Healthcare, Legal & Professional Services, and Media & Entertainment, as well as the Technology sector





Sector Updates

HHS Focus on Cybersecurity







Relevant Updates From the HSCC CWG

Publication of the "Health Industry Cybersecurity – Sector Mapping and Risk Toolkit (SMART)"

The HSCC CWG published a toolkit in October 2025 called SMART ("Sector Mapping and Risk Toolkit") which provides templates and a methodology for visualizing, identifying and measuring systemic risk posed by third-party technology, software, and communications services essential to clinical, administrative and manufacturing workflows

Updated Task Groups for 2025 Work Plan Released

The HSCC CWG's task-group list for 2025 was updated very recently and publicly posted: Some highlights:

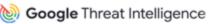
- Artificial Intelligence Cybersecurity focus on emerging risks for AI/ML-based products and services
- Cybersecurity Board Governance toolkit development for boards and CISOs
- Cybersecurity Updating & Patching defining "reasonably updateable/patchable" and best practices
- Post Quantum Cryptography roadmap and inventory for cryptographic risk and migration in the sector
- Under-Resourced Provider Cybersecurity Advisory Group support for smaller/underserved health providers



Recommended Actions for Healthcare Organizations

Focus Area	Actions	
Strengthen Access & Identity Controls	 Enforce MFA on all accounts, especially remote access, VPNs, RDP and admin Limit external remote access to minimum necessary; strong RBAC Monitor & restrict third-party/vendor access 	
Vulnerability Management & Patch Hygiene	 Maintain a robust vulnerability management program Prioritize patching Ensure secure configuration of devices and hardening 	
Backup, Disaster Recovery & Resilience	 Maintain immutable, offline, air-gapped backups Regularly test backup restorations (table-top and live tests) Maintain an incident response plan for ransomware 	
Detection & Monitoring	 Deploy advanced endpoint detection & response (EDR) Have continuous monitoring of events Use threat intelligence to monitor for TTPs 	
Network Architecture & Segmentation	 Segment critical clinical networks Harden and monitor network boundaries Logically isolate backups 	
Vendor & Third-Party Risk Management	 Assess cybersecurity posture of vendors, MSPs, medical-device suppliers Require vendor access to be tightly controlled Include in contracts obligations for incident reporting, security reqs, and audits 	







From Point-in-Time to Real-Time - How Continuous Threat Exposure Management Strengthens Cyber Resilience

Jeremy Hughes, Manager, Security Engineering Services, Clearwater

What is Continuous Threat Exposure Management?

Periodic Assessments



Near Real-Time Monitoring



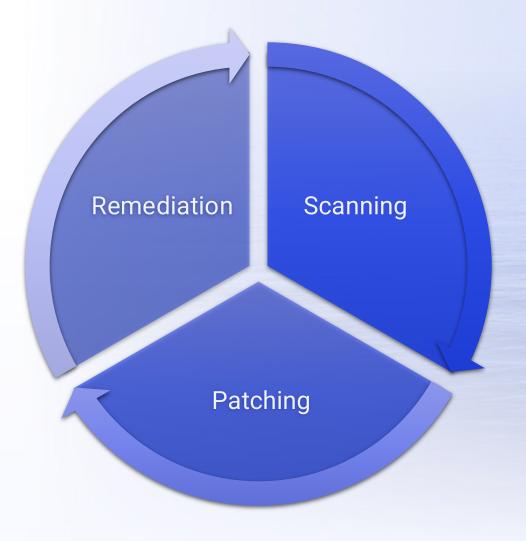
Some of Today's Challenges in Healthcare Security

- Monthly vulnerability reports with thousands of findings
- Limited knowledge around what systems are externally facing
- Implemented security tools with questionable effectiveness





Vulnerability Management





Vulnerability Management Shift to CTEM

Legacy Scanning

Weekly/Monthly



CTEM Scanning

- Frequent Discovery Scans
- Agent-Based Vulnerability
 Scans



Vulnerability Management Shift to CTEM

Legacy Patching

- SCCM/WSUS
 - Scripting
- Manual Update



CTEM Patching

 Automated patching of OS and 3rd Party Applications



Vulnerability Management Shift to CTEM

Legacy Remediation

- Remote Access
 - Scripting



CTEM Remediation

- Gold Images
- Group Policy/Central Management



External Attack Surface Management (EASM)

Legacy EASM

- Spreadsheets
- Annual pen tests
- Or nothing at all

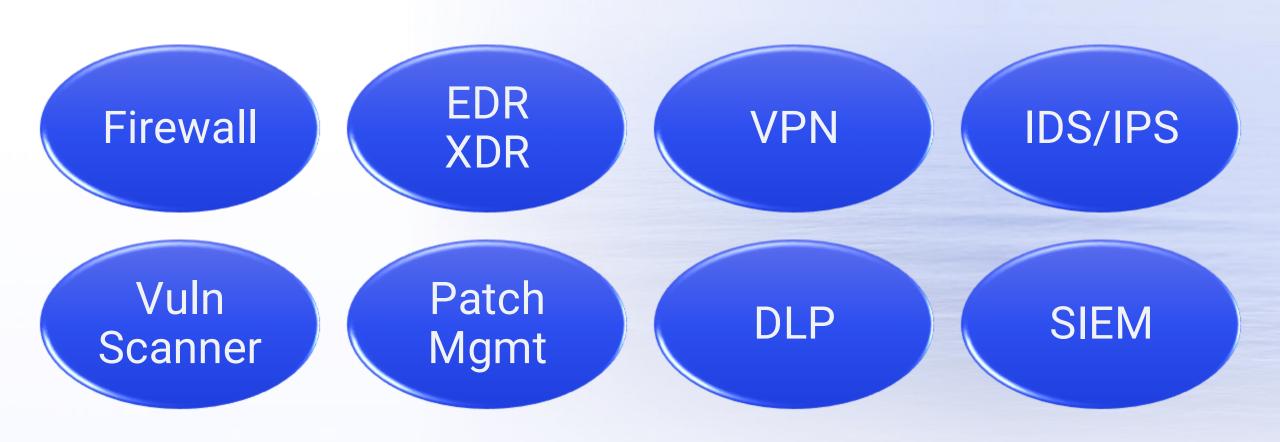


CTEM EASM

- Daily discovery and vulnerability scans
- More frequent or even automated external pen tests



Today's Healthcare Security Controls







Misconfiguration of technical security controls is a **leading** cause for continued success of attacks.

Align security controls optimization efforts with a continuous threat exposure management (CTEM) program to support a repeatable process for prioritizing and implementing improvements. Investing in automated assessment and validation tools and services can help alleviate some of the burden.

April 2025 – Gartner Reduce Threat Exposure With Security Controls Optimization



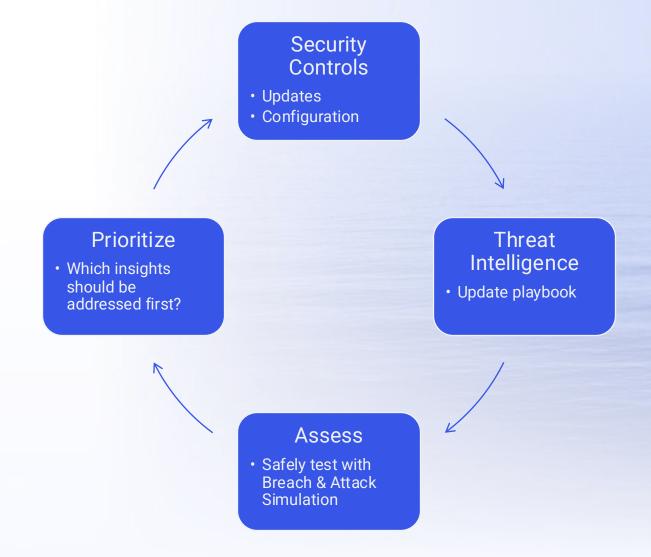
What is Breach and Attack Simulation (BAS)?

- Safely simulate real-world attacks across entire kill chain
- Validate control effectiveness across entire security stack
- Comprehensive threat library
- Rapid threat updates
- Actionable Insights with remediation guidance
- Dashboards and Comprehensive Reporting





Security Control Validation Architecture





What is the Difference Between BAS and Pen Testing

BAS

- Action: Safely launch full playbook of attacks against test systems
- Objective: Record success rate of attacks and security control performance
- Outcome: Results and remediation guidance

Pen Test

- Action: Leverage Ethical Hacker and technical tools
- Objective: Verify whether a threat actor could breach your environment, often in a pre-determined way
- Outcome: Results and remediation guidance



Current Emerging Threat Mitigation Process

Situation: A new critical zero-day vulnerability or attack vector is released.

- Threat Intelligence:
 - Use web resources to identify potential risk
 - Gather IOCs and file hashes
- Validation
 - Scan for vulnerable systems
- Mitigation:
 - Apply patches if possible
 - Block identified file hashes
 - Configure alerting for evidence of compromise
 - Poll vendors for mitigation assurance



CTEM-Aligned Emerging Threat Mitigation Process

Situation: A new critical zero-day vulnerability or attack vector is released

- Threat Intelligence:
 - BAS automatically updates playbooks
- Validation
 - Vulnerability data automatically updated within hours from agents
 - Run BAS simulations against your representative architecture
- Mitigation:
 - Deploy patch automatically when available
 - Implement remediation guidance supplied by BAS
 - Configure alerting for evidence of compromise





Upcoming Webinars + Events









CHIME Fall Forum | November 10-13 | San Antonio, TX

- Clearwater is a proud sponsor and is hosting a focus group on Medical Device/IoT Vulnerability Management on Nov. 11
- Learn more here



Behavioral Health Tech Conference | November 11-13 | San Diego, CA

- Clearwater is proud to sponsor and participate in BHT2025, to explore how technology, security, and compliance are shaping the future of behavioral health and driving better, more connected care.
- Learn more <u>here</u>

SCCE AI & Compliance Virtual Conference | November 20

- Clearwater's VP of Privacy and Compliance Services, Andrew Mahler, will share expert insights on global Al governance and strategies for responsible innovation during his session, "Navigating Global Al Regulations: A Compliance Roadmap".
- Register Here

Monthly Cyber Briefing | Thursday, December 4 | 12:00 pm CT

- 2025 in Review: What the Breaches, Threats, and Data Tell Us Now
- Dave Bailey, VP Security
 Services & Steve Akers,
 CTO & Corporate CISO,
 Clearwater
- You are already autoenrolled and will receive an updated link for December soon.



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